

Corticotropin-ACTH:

Acthar® Gel (repository corticotropin injection) Cortrophin® Gel (repository corticotropin injection) (Intramuscular)

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I. Length of Authorization

- Initial: Prior authorization validity will be provided initially for 1 month (30 days).
- Renewal: Prior authorization validity may be renewed every 1 month (30 days) thereafter.

II. Dosing Limits

Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

Infantile Spasms

- 35 billable units every 28 days

Multiple Sclerosis

- 63 billable units every 21 days

III. Initial Approval Criteria ^{1,2,5-18,47-52}

Prior authorization validity is provided in the following conditions:

Infantile Spasms (West Syndrome) (Acthar † Φ)

- Member is under 2 years of age; **AND**
- Clinical documentation indicating member has a diagnosis of infantile spasms (West Syndrome); **AND**
- Must be used as monotherapy; **AND**
- Member does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent (e.g., suspected congenital infection, used as intravenous administration)

Multiple Sclerosis (Acthar †; Cortrophin †)

- Patient must be 18 years or older; **AND**
- Prescriber must rule out pseudo-exacerbation from other precipitation factors (e.g., infection, pain, stress, premenstrual syndrome); **AND**

- Symptoms of acute exacerbation last at least 24 hours; **AND**
- Patient is currently stable within the last 30 days on an immunomodulator agent (e.g., dimethyl fumarate, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta 1a, interferon beta 1b, fingolimod, natalizumab, teriflunomide), unless contraindicated; **AND**
- Patient has a history of inadequate response to or intolerance of a corticosteroid (e.g., IV methylprednisolone, IV dexamethasone, oral prednisone) for current or previous acute exacerbation.

† FDA Approved Indication(s); ‡ Compendia Recommended Indication(s); Ⓢ Orphan Drug

Use of repository corticotropin injection for indications including, but not limited to, those additionally listed in the product labeling are not supported by substantial clinical evidence.

Repository Corticotropin Injection was originally approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in 1952 as HP ACTH and in 1954 as Cortrophin, for a variety of disorders and diseases that at the time were thought to benefit from steroid mediated immunosuppression. The initial approval of H.P. ACTH and CORTROPHIN gels occurred prior to the Kefauver-Harris amendment to the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act of 1962, which introduced the requirement of “substantial evidence” of two adequate and well controlled trials. At the time of the original approval drug manufacturers only had to show the drug was safe for use in humans. The original data included case reports from a few physicians describing members with conditions originally treated with adrenocorticotrophic hormone powder that were transferred to treatment with the approved product and gave dosing guidance for treatment of these individual conditions. These data would be grossly inadequate to support approval of a new drug or new indications by the Agency under current standards requiring evidence from adequate and well-controlled clinical trials. A Drug Efficacy Study Implementation (DESI) review of corticotrophin injection (Acthar NDA 022432) was initiated in 1971 and finalized in 1977.⁴ Cortrophin was approved via sNDA November 2021.

IV. Renewal Criteria ^{1,2}

Prior authorization validity can be renewed based on the following criteria:

- Member continues to meet indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; **AND**
- Disease response with treatment as indicated by resolution of symptoms and/or normalization of laboratory tests; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: severe infections, elevated blood pressure, salt and water retention, gastrointestinal perforation and bleeding, gastric ulcer, behavioral and mood disturbances (e.g., euphoria, insomnia, irritability, mood swings, personality changes, severe depression, frank psychotic manifestations, etc.), posterior subcapsular cataracts, glaucoma, anaphylaxis, etc.

V. Dosage/Administration ^{1,4,48-50}

Indication	Dose
Infantile Spasms	Administer 75 units/m ² intramuscularly given twice daily for 2 weeks, then taper the dose over a 2 week period (e.g., 30 units/m ² in the morning for 3 days; 15 units/m ² in the morning for 3 days; 10 units/m ² in the morning for 3 days; and 10 units/m ² every other

	morning for 6 days).
Multiple Sclerosis	Administer 80 to 120 units intramuscularly or subcutaneously* per day in divided doses for 2 to 3 weeks *Acthar Gel administered IM or SQ; Cortrophin administered IM only

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS Code(s):

- J0801 – Injection, corticotropin (acthar gel), up to 40 units; 1 billable unit = up to 40 units (*applicable to Acthar Gel ONLY*)
- J0802 – Injection, corticotropin (ani), up to 40 units; 1 billable unit = up to 40 units (*applicable to Cortrophin Gel ONLY*)

NDC(s):

- Acthar Gel 80 units/mL (5 mL multi-dose vial): 63004-8710-xx
- Purified Cortrophin Gel 80 USP units/mL (1 mL multi-dose vial): 62559-0860-xx
- Purified Cortrophin Gel 400 USP units/5 mL (5 mL multi-dose vial): 62559-0860-xx

VII. References

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Appendix A – Non-Quantitative Treatment Limitations (NQTL) Factor Checklist

Non-quantitative treatment limitations (NQTLs) refer to the methods, guidelines, standards of evidence, or other conditions that can restrict how long or to what extent benefits are provided under a health plan. These may include things like utilization review or prior authorization. The utilization management NQTL applies comparably, and not more stringently, to mental health/substance use disorder (MH/SUD) Medical Benefit Prescription Drugs and medical/surgical (M/S) Medical Benefit Prescription Drugs. The table below lists the factors that were considered in designing and applying prior authorization to this drug/drug group, and a summary of the conclusions that Prime's assessment led to for each.

Factor	Conclusion
Indication	Yes: Consider for PA
Safety and efficacy	No: PA not a priority
Potential for misuse/abuse	No: PA not a priority
Cost of drug	Yes: Consider for PA

Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
G35	Multiple sclerosis
G40.821	Epileptic spasms, not intractable, with status epilepticus
G40.822	Epileptic spasms, not intractable, without status epilepticus

G40.823	Epileptic spasms, intractable, with status epilepticus
G40.824	Epileptic spasms, intractable, without status epilepticus

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

The preceding information is intended for non-Medicare coverage determinations. Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determinations (NCDs) and/or Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may also exist for claims payment purposes or to clarify benefit eligibility under Part B for drugs which may be self-administered. The following link may be used to search for NCD, LCD, or LCA documents:

<https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx>. Additional indications, including any preceding information, may be applied at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/LCA): N/A

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC