

Trastuzumab:

**Herceptin®; Hercessi™; Herzuma®; Kanjinti®; Ogivri®;
Ontruzant®; Trastuzumab-pkrb[§]; Trazimera®**
(Intravenous/Intrathecal/Intraventricular)

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I. Length of Authorization ¹⁻⁸

- Initial: Prior authorization validity will be provided initially for 6 months (180 days).
- Renewal: Prior authorization validity may be renewed every 6 months (180 days) thereafter, unless otherwise specified.
 - Neoadjuvant/preoperative and adjuvant treatment in Breast Cancer: Prior authorization validity may be renewed up to a maximum of 52 weeks of treatment.

II. Dosing Limits

Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

- Ogivri, Kanjinti, Trazimera, Herzuma/Trastuzumab-pkrb, Ontruzant, Hercessi (420 mg MDV):
 - Gastric, Esophageal, and Esophagogastric Junction Cancer:
 - Load: 92 billable units x 1 dose
 - Maintenance: 138 billable units every 42 days
 - CNS Cancer:
 - Load: 92 billable units x 1 dose
 - Maintenance: 207 billable units every 21 days
 - Breast Cancer, Colorectal Cancer, Head and Neck Cancers, & All other indications:
 - Load: 92 billable units x 1 dose
 - Maintenance: 69 billable units every 21 days
- Herceptin (150 mg SDV):
 - Gastric, Esophageal, and Esophagogastric Junction Cancer:
 - Load: 90 billable units x 1 dose
 - Maintenance: 150 billable units every 42 days
 - CNS Cancer:
 - Load: 90 billable units x 1 dose

- Maintenance: 225 billable units every 21 days
- Breast Cancer, Colorectal Cancer, & Head and Neck Cancers: 90 billable units every 21 days
- All other indications:
 - Load: 90 billable units x 1 dose
 - Maintenance: 75 billable units every 21 days

III. Initial Approval Criteria ¹⁻⁷

Prior authorization validity is provided in the following conditions:

- Patient must have a contraindication, intolerance, or failure to **Kanjinti®**, **Ogivri®**, AND **Ontruzant®** prior to consideration of another trastuzumab product; **AND**

- Member is at least 18 years of age; **AND**

Universal Criteria ¹⁻⁷

- Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) is within normal limits prior to initiating therapy and will be assessed at regular intervals (e.g., every 3 months) during treatment; **AND**
- Member has human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive* disease as determined by an FDA-approved or Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA)-compliant test, unless otherwise specified❖; **AND**
- Females of reproductive potential have a negative pregnancy test prior to initiating treatment and will use effective contraception during treatment and for 7 months after the last dose; **AND**
- Therapy will not be substituted with or for ado-trastuzumab emtansine (Kadcyla) or fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki (Enhertu); **AND**
- Therapy will not be used in combination with trastuzumab and hyaluronidase-oysk (Herceptin Hylecta) or pertuzumab/trastuzumab and hyaluronidase-zzxf (Phesgo); **AND**

Breast Cancer † ‡ ^{1-9,11-17,36-39,44,45,54}

- Used as adjuvant therapy; **AND**
 - Member has ≥ T1 disease, node positive disease, or inflammatory disease (unless otherwise specified); **AND**
 - Used in combination with a taxane-based regimen (e.g., docetaxel, paclitaxel, etc.); WITH pertuzumab (pT2-3 and pN0 or pN+ ONLY); **OR**
 - Used in combination with a taxane-based regimen (e.g., docetaxel, paclitaxel, etc.) WITHOUT pertuzumab; **OR**
 - Used in combination with pertuzumab; **OR**
 - Used as a single agent; **OR**
 - Used after completion of planned chemotherapy and following mastectomy or breast-conserving surgery; **AND**
 - Member has ≥ ypT0N0 or pCR disease by axillary staging; **AND**

- Used as a single agent or in combination with pertuzumab; **OR**
- Used as neoadjuvant or preoperative therapy; **AND**
 - Member has $\geq$ T1c disease, node positive disease, or inflammatory disease; **AND**
 - Used in combination with a taxane-based regimen (e.g., docetaxel, paclitaxel, etc.) with or without pertuzumab; **OR**
- Used for recurrent unresectable (local or regional) or metastatic disease OR inflammatory breast cancer with no response to preoperative systemic therapy, unless otherwise specified; **AND**
 - Used as a single agent in members who have received one or more prior chemotherapy regimens for metastatic disease †; **OR**
 - Used in combination with one of the following:
 - Paclitaxel as first-line therapy for metastatic disease †
 - Tamoxifen, fulvestrant, or aromatase inhibition with or without lapatinib; **AND**
 - Member has hormone receptor-positive disease; **AND**
 - Member is postmenopausal; **OR**
 - Member is premenopausal and is treated with ovarian ablation/suppression; **OR**
 - Member is premenopausal and will not receive ovarian ablation/suppression (*with tamoxifen ONLY*); **OR**
 - Member is a male (sex assigned at birth) ✖
 - Pertuzumab and aromatase inhibition, with or without palbociclib as first-line maintenance therapy in members who initiated treatment with chemotherapy, pertuzumab, and trastuzumab, and the chemotherapy was stopped; **AND**
 - Member has hormone receptor-positive disease; **AND**
 - Member is postmenopausal; **OR**
 - Member is premenopausal and is treated with ovarian ablation/suppression; **OR**
 - Member is a male (sex assigned at birth) ✖
 - Neratinib and fulvestrant OR tucatinib (with or without fulvestrant) as third-line therapy and beyond in members with HER2 (ERBB2) activating mutations (for use in metastatic disease only); **AND**
 - Member has hormone receptor-positive, HER2 negative disease; **AND**
 - Member has already received CDK4/6 inhibitor therapy; **OR**
 - Member has triple negative disease
 - Pertuzumab and a taxane (e.g., docetaxel, paclitaxel) as first-line therapy
 - Capecitabine and tucatinib as second-line therapy and beyond
 - Cytotoxic chemotherapy as fourth-line therapy and beyond
 - Lapatinib (without cytotoxic therapy) as fourth-line therapy and beyond
 - Pertuzumab with or without cytotoxic therapy as subsequent therapy in members previously treated with chemotherapy and trastuzumab (without pertuzumab)

¥ When an aromatase inhibitor is used in males, suppression of testicular steroidogenesis with a GnRH analog is required.

Central Nervous System (CNS) Cancers ‡^{8,19,30,31}

- Member has leptomeningeal metastases from breast cancer; **AND**
 - Trastuzumab will be administered intrathecally or intraventricularly^{TT}; **AND**
 - Used as primary treatment in members with good risk status (i.e., KPS ≥60, no major neurologic deficits, minimal systemic disease, and reasonable systemic treatment options if needed); **OR**
 - Used as maintenance therapy in members with negative cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) cytology or in clinically stable members with persistently positive CSF cytology; **OR**
- Member has brain metastases from breast cancer; **AND**
 - Used in combination with one of the following:
 - Pertuzumab
 - Capecitabine and tucatinib in members previously treated with ≥ 1 regimen

TT Note: For intrathecal or intraventricular administration, interchangeability of trastuzumab products has not been established. The requested product may be approved without substitution.

Gastric, Esophageal, and Esophagogastric Junction Cancers † ‡ Φ^{1-8,18,33,34,51}

- Member has adenocarcinoma; **AND**
- Member is not a surgical candidate or has unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic disease; **AND**
- Used as first-line therapy; **AND**
 - Used in combination with chemotherapy; **OR**
 - Used in combination with pembrolizumab, fluoropyrimidine- and platinum-containing chemotherapy; **AND**
 - Tumor expresses PD-L1 (CPS ≥ 1) as determined by an FDA-approved or CLIA compliant test❖

Endometrial Carcinoma – Uterine Neoplasms ‡^{8,20,35}

- Used in combination with carboplatin and paclitaxel, followed by single agent maintenance therapy; **AND**
- Member has uterine serous carcinoma OR carcinosarcoma; **AND**
 - Member has stage III/IV disease; **OR**
 - Member has recurrent disease and has not received prior trastuzumab therapy; **AND**
 - Will not be used for either of the following:
 - Therapy for locoregional recurrence in members with no prior radiation therapy to site of recurrence, or previous vaginal brachytherapy only; **OR**

- Therapy after surgical exploration for locoregional recurrence in members with disease confined to the vagina or paravaginal soft tissue

Colorectal Cancer (CRC) λ $\ddagger$ ^{8,10,32}

- Member has RAS and BRAF wild-type (WT) disease; **AND**
- Used in combination with pertuzumab or tucatinib; **AND**
 - Used as initial treatment for unresectable metastatic disease and previous FOLFOX or CapeOX within the past 12 months; **OR**
 - Used as primary treatment for unresectable (or medically inoperable) or metastatic disease ; **AND**
 - Member has not previously received HER2-directed therapy; **OR**
 - Used as primary treatment for T3, N Any; T1-2, N1-2; T4, N Any; or locally unresectable (or medically inoperable) rectal cancer; **AND**
 - Used if resection is contraindicated following total neoadjuvant therapy; **OR**
 - Used if resection is contraindicated following neoadjuvant/definitive immunotherapy; **OR**
 - Used as subsequent therapy; **AND**
 - Member has not previously received HER2-directed therapy

λ Note: NCCN recommends universal MMR or MSI testing in all newly diagnosed members. If deficient mismatch repair/microsatellite instability-high (dMMR/MSI-H) or polymerase epsilon/delta (POLE/POLD1) mutation with ultra-hypermuted phenotype (e.g., TMB>50 mut/Mb), treatment should include checkpoint inhibitor immunotherapy if the member is a candidate.

Appendiceal Neoplasms and Cancers $\ddagger$ ^{8,57}

- Member has RAS and BRAF wild-type (WT) disease; **AND**
- Used in combination with pertuzumab or tucatinib; **AND**
- Used as subsequent therapy (if not previously given) for recurrent, progressive, metastatic peritoneal-only, or extraperitoneal disease

Head and Neck Cancers $\ddagger$ ^{8,40-43}

- Member has salivary gland tumors; **AND**
- Used as a single agent OR in combination with either docetaxel or pertuzumab; **AND**
- Member has recurrent disease with one of the following:
 - Distant metastases
 - Unresectable locoregional recurrence with prior radiation therapy (RT)
 - Unresectable second primary with prior RT

Biliary Tract Cancers (Gallbladder Cancer or Intra-/Extra-Hepatic Cholangiocarcinoma) $\ddagger$

^{8,46,47,52}

- Used as subsequent treatment for progression on or after systemic treatment for unresectable, gross residual (R2), or metastatic disease; **AND**

- Used in combination with either pertuzumab or tucatinib

Small Bowel Adenocarcinoma ‡⁸

- Member has RAS and BRAF wild-type (WT) disease; **AND**
- Used in combination with pertuzumab or tucatinib; **AND**
- Used as subsequent therapy for advanced or metastatic disease (if not previously given)

*HER2-positive overexpression criteria
Breast, CNS, Uterine, and Head and Neck Cancer: ^{9,11}
• Immunohistochemistry (IHC) assay 3+; OR • Dual-probe in situ hybridization (ISH) assay HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>)/CEP17 ratio ≥ 2.0 AND average HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) copy number ≥ 4.0 signals/cell; OR • Dual-probe in situ hybridization (ISH) assay AND concurrent IHC indicating one of the following: ○ HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>)/CEP17 ratio ≥ 2.0 AND average HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) copy number < 4.0 signals/cell AND concurrent IHC 3+; OR ○ HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>)/CEP17 ratio < 2.0 AND average HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) copy number ≥ 6.0 signals/cell AND concurrent IHC 2+ or 3+; OR ○ HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>)/CEP17 ratio < 2.0 AND average HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) copy number ≥ 4.0 and < 6.0 signals/cell AND concurrent IHC 3+
Biliary Tract Cancer ^{9,11,47}
• Immunohistochemistry (IHC) assay 3+; OR • Dual-probe in situ hybridization (ISH) assay HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>)/CEP17 ratio ≥ 2.0 AND average HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) copy number ≥ 4.0 signals/cell; OR • Dual-probe in situ hybridization (ISH) assay AND concurrent IHC indicating one of the following: ○ HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>)/CEP17 ratio ≥ 2.0 AND average HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) copy number < 4.0 signals/cell AND concurrent IHC 3+; OR ○ HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>)/CEP17 ratio < 2.0 AND average HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) copy number ≥ 6.0 signals/cell AND concurrent IHC 2+ or 3+; OR ○ HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>)/CEP17 ratio < 2.0 AND average HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) copy number ≥ 4.0 and < 6.0 signals/cell AND concurrent IHC 3+; OR • Next-generation sequencing (NGS) panel HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) amplification
Gastric, Esophageal, and Esophagogastric Junction Cancer: ^{33,34}
• Immunohistochemistry (IHC) assay 3+; OR • Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) or in situ hybridization (ISH) assay AND concurrent IHC indicating one of the following: ○ HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>)/CEP17 ratio ≥ 2.0 AND concurrent IHC 2+; OR ○ Average HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) copy number ≥ 6.0 signals/cell AND concurrent IHC 2+; OR • Next-generation sequencing (NGS) panel HER2 (<i>ERBB2</i>) amplification
Colorectal Cancer, Appendiceal Neoplasms & Cancers, and Small Bowel

Adenocarcinoma: ^{10,32}

- Immunohistochemistry (IHC) assay 3+; **OR**
- Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) HER2 (*ERBB2*)/CEP17 ratio ≥ 2 AND concurrent IHC 2+;
OR
- Next-generation sequencing (NGS) panel HER2 (*ERBB2*) amplification

❖ If confirmed using an immunotherapy assay – <http://www.fda.gov/companiondiagnostics>

† FDA Approved Indication(s); ‡ Compendia Recommended Indication(s); Ⓢ Orphan Drug

IV. Renewal Criteria ¹⁻⁷

Prior authorization validity may be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Member continues to meet the universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; **AND**
- Duration of authorization has not been exceeded (*refer to Section I*); **AND**
- Disease response with treatment as defined by stabilization of disease or decrease in size of tumor or tumor spread; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: cardiomyopathy (e.g., left ventricular cardiac dysfunction, arrhythmias, cardiac failure, etc.), pulmonary toxicity (e.g., dyspnea, interstitial pneumonitis, pulmonary infiltrates, pleural effusions, etc.), severe or febrile neutropenia, severe infusion-related reactions, etc.; **AND**
- Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) obtained within the previous 3 months as follows:
 - LVEF is within the institutional normal limits, and has not had an absolute decrease of $\geq 16\%$ from pre-treatment baseline; **OR**
 - LVEF is below the institutional lower limits of normal, and has not had an absolute decrease of $\geq 10\%$ from pre-treatment baseline

V. Dosage/Administration ^{1-9,19-20,30,32-34,41-43,46,50,52-56,58}

Indication	Dose
Breast Cancer	<u>Neoadjuvant/Preoperative or Adjuvant Therapy</u> Loading dose: 4 mg/kg intravenously x 1 for every 7-day dosing schedule Maintenance dose: 2 mg/kg intravenously every 7 days OR Loading dose: 8 mg/kg intravenously x 1 for every 21-day dosing schedule Maintenance dose: 6 mg/kg intravenously every 21 days <i>Note: Use for neoadjuvant/preoperative and adjuvant treatment is limited to a total of 52 weeks of treatment.</i> <u>Recurrent, Unresectable, Metastatic Disease OR Inflammatory breast cancer</u> Loading dose: 4 mg/kg intravenously x 1 for every 7-day dosing schedule

	Maintenance dose: 2 mg/kg intravenously every 7 days OR Loading dose: 8 mg/kg intravenously x 1 for every 21-day dosing schedule Maintenance dose: 6 mg/kg intravenously every 21 days <i>Note: Treat until disease progression or intolerable toxicity.</i>
Gastric, Esophageal, and Esophagogastric Junction Cancers	Loading dose: 8 mg/kg intravenously x 1 for every 21-day dosing schedule Maintenance dose: 6 mg/kg intravenously every 21 days OR Loading dose: 6 mg/kg intravenously x 1 for every 14-day dosing schedule Maintenance dose: 4 mg/kg intravenously every 14 days <i>Note: Treat until disease progression or intolerable toxicity.</i>
Colorectal Cancer & Head and Neck Cancers	Loading dose: 8 mg/kg intravenously x 1 for every 21-day dosing schedule Maintenance dose: 6 mg/kg intravenously every 21 days OR Loading dose: 4 mg/kg intravenously x 1 for every 7-day dosing schedule Maintenance dose: 2 mg/kg intravenously every 7 days <i>Note: Treat until disease progression or intolerable toxicity.</i>
CNS Cancer	<u>Leptomeningeal Metastases from Breast Cancer</u> Escalating doses up to 150 mg intrathecally or intraventricularly weekly* <i>*Dosing is highly variable and should be individualized.</i> <u>Brain Metastases from Breast Cancer</u> <u>Combination Therapy with pertuzumab</u> –Administer 6 mg/kg intravenously every 7 days <u>Combination Therapy with capecitabine and tucatinib</u> –Administer an initial dose at 8 mg/kg intravenously followed by 6 mg/kg intravenously every 21 days <i>Note: Treat until disease progression or intolerable toxicity.</i>
All other indications	Loading dose: 8 mg/kg intravenously x 1 for every 21-day dosing schedule Maintenance dose: 6 mg/kg intravenously every 21 days <i>Note: Treat until disease progression or intolerable toxicity.</i>

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

Brand Name	HPCS	HPCS Description	1 BU	Vial Size & Type	NDCs
Herceptin	J9355	Injection, trastuzumab, excludes biosimilar, 10 mg	10 mg	150 mg SDV	50242-0132-xx
				420 mg MDV (discontinued)	50242-0333-xx (discontinued)
Ogivri	Q5114	Injection, trastuzumab-dkst, biosimilar, (ogivri), 10 mg	10 mg	150 mg SDV	83257-0001-xx
				420 mg MDV (with diluent)	83257-0004-xx
				420 mg MDV (no diluent)	83257-0003-xx
Kanjinti	Q5117	Injection, trastuzumab-anns,	10 mg	150 mg SDV	55513-0141-xx

		biosimilar, (kanjinti), 10 mg		420 mg MDV (with diluent)	55513-0164-xx
				420 mg MDV (no diluent)	55513-0132-xx
Trazimera	Q5116	Injection, trastuzumab-qyyp, biosimilar, (trazimera), 10 mg	10 mg	150 mg SDV	00069-0308-xx
				420 mg MDV	00069-0305-xx
Herzuma	Q5113	Injection, trastuzumab-pkrb, biosimilar, (herzuma), 10 mg	10 mg	150 mg SDV	63459-0303-xx
				420 mg MDV	63459-0305-xx
Trastuzumab-pkrb [§] (unbranded biologic of Herzuma)	Q5113	Injection, trastuzumab-pkrb, biosimilar, (herzuma), 10 mg	10 mg	150 mg SDV	51759-0225-xx
				420 mg MDV	51759-0226-xx
Ontruzant	Q5112	Injection, trastuzumab-dttb, biosimilar, (ontruzant), 10 mg	10 mg	150 mg SDV	78206-0147-xx
				420 mg MDV	78206-0148-xx, 78206-0191-xx
Hercessi	Q5146	Injection, trastuzumab-strf (hercessi), biosimilar, 10 mg	10 mg	150 mg SDV	69448-0015-xx
				420 mg MDV	69448-0016-xx
Notes: • Herceptin is only available as a single-dose vial; therefore, the JW modifier is allowed. • Ogivri, Kanjinti, Trazimera, Herzuma, Trastuzumab-pkrb, Hercessi & Ontruzant are available as both single-dose and multi-dose vials. Approvals are based upon use of the MDV; therefore, the JW modifier is not allowed. • [§]An unbranded biologic is the same as the brand biologic and uses the same cell-line as the brand-name reference biologic					

VII. References

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8. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium[®]) for trastuzumab. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2026. The NCCN Compendium[®] is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines[®]. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK[®], NCCN[®], and NCCN GUIDELINES[®] are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed May 2026.
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Appendix A – Non-Quantitative Treatment Limitations (NQTL) Factor Checklist

Non-quantitative treatment limitations (NQTLs) refer to the methods, guidelines, standards of evidence, or other conditions that can restrict how long or to what extent benefits are provided under a health plan. These may include things like utilization review or prior authorization. The utilization management NQTL applies comparably, and not more stringently, to mental health/substance use disorder (MH/SUD) Medical Benefit Prescription Drugs and medical/surgical (M/S) Medical Benefit Prescription Drugs. The table below lists the factors that were considered in designing and applying prior authorization to this drug/drug group, and a summary of the conclusions that Prime’s assessment led to for each.

Factor	Conclusion
Indication	Yes: Consider for PA
Safety and efficacy	Yes: Consider for PA
Potential for misuse/abuse	No: PA not a priority
Cost of drug	Yes: Consider for PA

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Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C06.9	Malignant neoplasm of mouth, unspecified
C07	Malignant neoplasm of parotid gland
C08.0	Malignant neoplasm of submandibular gland
C08.1	Malignant neoplasm of sublingual gland
C08.9	Malignant neoplasm of major salivary gland, unspecified
C15.3	Malignant neoplasm of upper third of esophagus
C15.4	Malignant neoplasm of middle third of esophagus
C15.5	Malignant neoplasm of the lower third of esophagus
C15.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of esophagus
C15.9	Malignant neoplasm of esophagus, unspecified
C16.0	Malignant neoplasm of cardia
C16.1	Malignant neoplasm of fundus of stomach
C16.2	Malignant neoplasm of body of stomach
C16.3	Malignant neoplasm of pyloric antrum
C16.4	Malignant neoplasm of pylorus
C16.5	Malignant neoplasm of lesser curvature of stomach, unspecified
C16.6	Malignant neoplasm of greater curvature of stomach, unspecified
C16.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of stomach
C16.9	Malignant neoplasm of stomach, unspecified
C17.0	Malignant neoplasm of duodenum
C17.1	Malignant neoplasm of jejunum
C17.2	Malignant neoplasm of ileum
C17.3	Meckel's diverticulum, malignant
C17.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of small intestine
C17.9	Malignant neoplasm of small intestine, unspecified
C18.0	Malignant neoplasm of cecum
C18.1	Malignant neoplasm of appendix
C18.2	Malignant neoplasm of ascending colon
C18.3	Malignant neoplasm of hepatic flexure
C18.4	Malignant neoplasm of transverse colon
C18.5	Malignant neoplasm of splenic flexure
C18.6	Malignant neoplasm of descending colon

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C18.7	Malignant neoplasm of sigmoid colon
C18.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of colon
C18.9	Malignant neoplasm of colon, unspecified
C19	Malignant neoplasm of rectosigmoid junction
C20	Malignant neoplasm of rectum
C21.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of rectum, anus and anal canal
C22.1	Intrahepatic bile duct carcinoma
C23	Malignant neoplasm of gallbladder
C24.0	Malignant neoplasm of extrahepatic bile duct
C24.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of biliary tract
C24.9	Malignant neoplasm of biliary tract, unspecified
C50.011	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right female breast
C50.012	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left female breast
C50.019	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified female breast
C50.021	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right female breast
C50.022	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left female breast
C50.029	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified female breast
C50.111	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right female breast
C50.112	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left female breast
C50.119	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified female breast
C50.121	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right male breast
C50.122	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left male breast
C50.129	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified male breast
C50.211	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right female breast
C50.212	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left female breast
C50.219	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.221	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right male breast
C50.222	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left male breast
C50.229	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.311	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right female breast
C50.312	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of left female breast
C50.319	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.321	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right male breast
C50.322	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of left male breast
C50.329	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C50.411	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of right female breast
C50.412	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left female breast
C50.419	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.421	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of right male breast
C50.422	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left male breast
C50.429	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.511	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right female breast
C50.512	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of left female breast
C50.519	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.521	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right male breast
C50.522	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of left male breast
C50.529	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.611	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right female breast
C50.612	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left female breast
C50.619	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of unspecified female breast
C50.621	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right male breast
C50.622	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left male breast
C50.629	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of unspecified male breast
C50.811	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right female breast
C50.812	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left female breast
C50.819	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified female breast
C50.821	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right male breast
C50.822	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left male breast
C50.829	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified male breast
C50.911	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right female breast
C50.912	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left female breast
C50.919	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified female breast
C50.921	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right male breast
C50.922	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left male breast
C50.929	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified male breast
C50.A0	Malignant inflammatory neoplasm of unspecified breast
C50.A1	Malignant inflammatory neoplasm of right breast
C50.A2	Malignant inflammatory neoplasm of left breast
C54.0	Malignant neoplasm of isthmus uteri
C54.1	Malignant neoplasm of endometrium

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C54.2	Malignant neoplasm of myometrium
C54.3	Malignant neoplasm of fundus uteri
C54.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of corpus uteri
C54.9	Malignant neoplasm of corpus uteri, unspecified
C55	Malignant neoplasm of uterus, part unspecified
C78.00	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified lung
C78.01	Secondary malignant neoplasm of right lung
C78.02	Secondary malignant neoplasm of left lung
C78.6	Secondary malignant neoplasm of retroperitoneum and peritoneum
C78.7	Secondary malignant neoplasm of liver and intrahepatic bile duct
C79.31	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain
C79.32	Secondary malignant neoplasm of cerebral meninges
D37.031	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of the sublingual salivary glands
D37.032	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of the submandibular salivary glands
D37.039	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of the major salivary glands, unspecified
D37.1	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of stomach
D37.3	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of appendix
D37.8	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of other specified digestive organs
D37.9	Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of digestive organ, unspecified
Z85.00	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of unspecified digestive organ
Z85.01	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of esophagus
Z85.028	Personal history of other malignant neoplasm of stomach
Z85.038	Personal history of other malignant neoplasm of large intestine
Z85.068	Personal history of other malignant neoplasm of small intestine
Z85.3	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of breast
Z85.42	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of other parts of uterus

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

The preceding information is intended for non-Medicare coverage determinations. Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determinations (NCDs) and/or Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may also exist for claims payment purposes or to clarify benefit eligibility under Part B for drugs which may be self-administered. The following link may be used to search for NCD, LCD, or LCA documents:

<https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx>. Additional indications, including any

preceding information, may be applied at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/LCA): N/A

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC